

Amendments to the Claims

- 1 1. (currently amended) A method for transmitting an input stream of
- 2 symbols in a multiple-input / multiple-output wireless communications
- 3 system including M subgroups of transmitting antennas, comprising:
 - 4 selecting, according to channel conditions of the multiple-input /
 - 5 multiple-output wireless communications system, L subgroups of the M
 - 6 subgroups of antennas, where $L < M$ and each of the L subgroups of
 - 7 antennas includes a set of at least two antennas;
 - 8 demultiplexing, the input stream into L substreams, there being one
 - 9 substream for each one of the L selected subgroups of at least two antennas;
 - 10 adaptively modulating and coding each of the L substreams to a
 - 11 maximum data rate while achieving a predetermined performance on an
 - 12 associated channel used to transmit the substream;
 - 13 space-time transmit diversity encoding each of the L coded
 - 14 substreams into a set of at least two output streams, there being one output
 - 15 stream for each antenna in the set of at least two antennas of each one of the
 - 16 L subgroups of antennas, wherein the selecting is performed before the
 - 17 adaptively modulating and coding and the space-time transmit diversity
 - 18 encoding; and
 - 19 transmitting the set of at least two output streams using the L
 - 20 subgroups of at least two antennas.

1 2. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
2 feeding back, from a receiver, channel conditions; and
3 selecting a data rate according to the channel conditions.

1 3. (previously presented) The method of claim 2, in which the channel
2 conditions used to select the data rate measure a signal to interference plus
3 noise ratio of the output streams received in the receiver.

1 4. (original) The method of claim 1, in which the adaptive modulation and
2 coding depends on the number L of the substreams.

1 5. (original) The method of claim 1, in which L is zero to increase an overall
2 capacity of the system including a plurality of receivers.

1 6. (original) The method of claim 1, in which the adaptive modulating and
2 coding, further comprises:
3 coding each substream;
4 interleaving each coded substream; and
5 symbol mapping each interleaved substream.

1 7. (original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

2 demultiplexing each output stream into a plurality demultiplexed
3 output streams;
4 multiplying each of the plurality of demultiplexed output streams by
5 an orthogonal variable spreading factor;
6 adding the demultiplexed output streams, for each ouput stream, after
7 multiplication into a summed output stream corresponding to each output
8 stream; and
9 multiplying each summed output stream by a scrambling code.

1 8. (currently amended) A system for transmitting an input stream of symbols
2 in a multiple-input / multiple-output wireless communications system
3 including M subgroups of transmitting antennas, comprising:
4 a switch configured to select, according to channel conditions of the
5 multiple-input / multiple-output wireless communications system, L
6 subgroups of the M subgroups of antennas, where $L < M$ and each of the L
7 subgroups of antennas includes a set of at least two antennas;
8 a demultiplexer configured to split the input stream into L substreams,
9 there being one substream for each one of the L subgroups of at least two
10 antennas;
11 means for adaptively modulating and coding each of the L substreams
12 to a maximum data rate while achieving a predetermine performance on an
13 associated channel used to transmit the substream, wherein the switch selects
14 before adaptively modulating and coding and space-time transmit diversity
15 encoding; and

16 means for space-time transmit diversity encoding each of the L coded
17 substream into a set of at least output streams, there being one output stream
18 for each antenna in the set of at least two antennas of each one of the L
19 subgroups of antennas.

1 9. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein each input
2 substream includes pairs of symbols X_{i1} and X_{i2} , and wherein the space-time
3 transmit diversity encoding encodes each pair of symbols as two pairs of

4 symbols
$$\begin{bmatrix} X_{i2} & X_{i1} \\ -X_{i1}^* & X_{i2}^* \end{bmatrix},$$

5 where * is a complex conjugate.

1 10. (previously presented) The method of claim 9, wherein each pair of
2 symbols X_{i1} and X_{i2} is transmitted by a first antenna of the set of at least two
3 antennas while each pair of symbols $-X_{i2}^*$ and X_{i1}^* is transmitted by a
4 second antenna of the set of at least two antennas.

1 11. (cancelled)

1 12. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
2 performing the adaptively modulating and coding and the space-time
3 transmit diversity encoding in parallel and independently for each
4 substream.

1 13. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the number of
2 selected antennas is at least $2L$.

1 14. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein performance
2 reaches a maximal system capacities.

1 15. (previously presented) The method of claim 7, wherein the orthogonal
2 variable spreading factors are the same for all output streams.

1 16. (previously presented) The method of claim 7, wherein the scrambling
2 codes are the same for all output streams.